

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

32 (currently amended). A process for the detection of a specific nucleic acid sequence comprising:

- (a) forming a first composition comprising
 - (i) a sample,
 - (ii) a first oligonucleotide primer which comprises a promoter sequence,
 - (iii) a second oligonucleotide primer,
 - (iv) a DNA-directed RNA polymerase,
 - (v) an RNA-directed DNA polymerase,
 - (vi) a DNA-directed DNA polymerase, and
 - (vii) a ribonuclease that hydrolyzes RNA of an RNA-DNA hybrid without hydrolyzing single or double-stranded RNA or DNA;
- (b) incubating the ~~reaction mixture~~ first composition for a sufficient time to amplify said specific nucleic acid sequence to form ~~an amplified-nucleic-acid-sequence~~ a mixture comprising an amplified nucleic acid sequence;
- (c) forming a second ~~mixture~~ composition by adding to a sample of said ~~amplified-nucleic-acid-sequence~~ mixture the following reagents
 - (i) at least one detection probe sequence which specifically hybridizes to said amplified nucleic acid sequence, said

- detection probe sequence being labeled with an electrochemiluminescent species,
- (ii) at least one capture probe sequence which specifically hybridizes to said amplified nucleic acid sequence, said capture probe sequence being labeled with a binding species, and
- (iii) a solid phase coated with a binding partner of said binding species;
- (d) incubating said second mixture composition for a time sufficient to allow hybridization of said probes to said amplified nucleic- acid sequence and to allow binding of said binding species to said binding partner so as to form a solid phase-bound hybridization complex; and
- (e) detecting said specific nucleic acid sequence by measuring electrochemiluminescence from said solid phase-bound hybridization complex by using said electrochemiluminescent species.

33 (previously presented). The process of claim 32, wherein said solid phase is a magnetic bead.

34 (currently amended). The process of claim 32, wherein the binding species/binding partner pair binding species and the binding partner are selected from the group consisting of biotin/avidin, biotin/streptavidin, and digoxigenin/anti-digoxigenin digoxigenin biotin and avidin, or biotin and streptavidin, or digoxigenin and anti-digoxigenin.

35 (previously presented). The process of claim 32, wherein the binding species is biotin and the solid phase is a streptavidin-coated magnetic bead.

36 (currently amended). The process of claim 32, wherein said amplified nucleic acid sequence is the anti-sense copy of the specific nucleic acid sequence and wherein said amplification of said specific nucleic acid sequence is carried out under conditions which permit

- (i) said second oligonucleotide primer to hybridize to an RNA template which comprises the specific nucleic acid sequence or an anti-sense copy of the specific nucleic acid sequence,
- (ii) said RNA-directed DNA polymerase to utilize said RNA template to synthesize a DNA template by extension of said second oligonucleotide primer and thereby form an RNA-DNA hybrid intermediate,
- (iii) said ribonuclease to hydrolyze RNA contained in said RNA-DNA hybrid intermediate,
- (iv) said first oligonucleotide primer to hybridize to said DNA template,
- (v) said DNA-directed DNA polymerase to utilize said DNA template to synthesize a double-stranded DNA product by extension of said first ~~oligonucleotide~~ oligonucleotide primer, ~~said double stranded~~ double- ~~stranded~~ DNA product comprising said promoter, and
- (vi) said DNA-directed RNA polymerase to recognize said promoter and transcribe said double-stranded DNA product so as to form more copies of said RNA first template.

37 (previously presented). The process of claim 32, wherein said electrochemiluminescent species comprises ruthenium-tris-bipyridine.

38-43 (cancelled).